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**FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION**

**SECRET**

**NEW YORK**

**REPORT MADE AT**

**NEW YORK**

**DATE WHEN MADE**

6/23/50

**PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE**

4/26-5/26/50

**REPORT MADE BY**

b6

**FILE NO.**

65-15304 JVL

**TITLES**

1. NAHUM BERNSTEIN

**CHARACTER OF CASE**

SPIONAGE - ISR

**SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:**

NAHUM BERNSTEIN and three other individuals were named by Confidential Informants T-1 as managers of Israeli intelligence operations in the United States. BERNSTEIN, born 9/5/07, NYC, has resided in the NY area all his life. He is presently practicing law in NYC and his firm recently opened offices in Tel Aviv, Israel. In interview with him in 1948 he admitted that he was designated as the disperser of funds for the Jewish Agency for Palestine and that he knew TED KOLLEK, a member of the Israeli Supply Mission in the United States. Of recent date he has made two trips to Israel. He has received mail from DAVID VAHL, Executive Director of the publication "Israel Speaks", ARYEH VAZIR, Technical Advisor to the Israeli Supply Mission, and also the organization "Materials for Israel", a subdivision of the Israeli Supply Mission. Likewise he has received mail from the Israel Consulate in NYC and from Israel, also from Paris, France and Denmark. He has been in contact on five occasions with NAT KORN, Advisor to the Israeli Supply Mission.

**APPROVED AND FORWARDED BY**

Edward Mann

SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES

5 - Bureau
2 - Cleveland
2 - Los Angeles
2 - Newark
2 - Washington Field
3 - New York

COPY IN FILE

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INDEXED

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES

ADVISER BY RECORDING SLIP(S) OF DATE

07/29/50
Confidential Informant T-1, of known reliability, advised that as of January, 1949, the Israeli Intelligence in the United States was to be handled by four persons, namely TEDDY, GIDEON ROPER, NAHUM BERNSTEIN and I. M. J.

The TEDDY mentioned by Confidential Informant T-1 was subsequently identified as more than likely identical with THEODOR KOLLEK who at that time, January, 1949, was a member of the Israeli Supply Mission in New York City. He departed for Israel on April 5, 1949 and through the physical surveillance of EFRAM BEN-ARZI it was determined that his position was more than likely taken over by ARYEH MANOR who presently holds the position of technical advisor of the Israeli Supply Mission in New York.

GIDEON ROPER was subsequently identified as more than likely identical with GIDEON RAFAEL who is listed as Counsellor to the Israeli Delegation of the United Nations.

T. M. has been identified as more than likely identical with Col. EFRAM BEN-ARZI who in January, 1949, was the Israeli Military Attaché of the Israeli Embassy in Washington, D. C. He departed for Israel on March 17, 1950. It was understood at the time he departed from the United States that he was returning to Israel permanently to be assigned to a new post there.

The NAHUM BERNSTEIN referred to by Confidential Informant T-1 is more than likely identical with the subject of this investigation. It is known through previous investigation of BERNSTEIN'S activities that he has been associated very closely with the affairs of Israel, prior to that the affairs of Palestine.

Confidential Informant T-2, of known reliability, made available the following background information concerning NAHUM BERNSTEIN:

He was born September 5, 1907 at New York City. His mother, JENNIE BERNSTEIN, nee STEINBERG, and his father, CHARLES BERNSTEIN, were born in Russia. The subject received his primary education in New York public schools and subsequently attended the College of the City of New York receiving his B.S. in social science in 1929. In 1931 he received his LL.B. degree at Columbia University Law School. He was admitted to the Bar in the State of New York on June 13, 1932. From the date of his birth, 1907, until the present time, he has resided in the New York City area. He presently resides at 136 East 67th Street, New York, New York.
Supersintendent at 136 East 67th Street, New York City, advised that he has known NAHUM BERNSTEIN since November, 1949. Advised that BERNSTEIN and his wife and two children have resided at 136 East 67th Street for a number of years but that he himself has only been superintendent there since November of 1949. Advised that he has spoken to BERNSTEIN on several occasions and that he ascertained from his conversations with BERNSTEIN that he, BERNSTEIN, was very active in Israeli affairs. In fact BERNSTEIN told he had made two trips to Israel since November of 1949.

NAHUM BERNSTEIN is presently connected with the law firm of SILVER and BERNSTEIN, 20 Pine Street, New York, New York. The following announcement was sent out by this firm to many leading attorneys of the New York area. This announcement is dated March 31, 1950, and reads as follows:

"We announce the opening of an Israeli Office at 26 Rothschild Boulevard, Tel-Aviv. Mr. ARNON R. KOHANSKY of the Israeli Bar is Counsel in Charge."

This announcement was signed by EDWARD S. SILVER, NAHUM BERNSTEIN, GEORGE H. KAPLAN and DONALD R. SEWELL.

On January 12, 1948, NAHUM BERNSTEIN was interviewed by SL and SA at his office, 20 Pine Street, New York City. At the very outset of this interview, BERNSTEIN stated that he presumed that the visit of the agents to his office was occasioned by an investigation into the affairs of the Foundry Associates, Inc. In this regard, BERNSTEIN stated that in November of 1947 he received a telephone call from LEONARD WEISMAN whom he had known for some years who like himself was active in the Zionist Cause. On this occasion WEISMAN told BERNSTEIN that he had been requested to assist in a project to acquire a stockpile of material for eventual shipment to Palestine. WEISMAN told BERNSTEIN that he had consented to assist in this project and that now it was necessary that a reputable well-known person act as dispersing officer for the funds available to finance this project. WEISMAN requested BERNSTEIN to function in this capacity and to this BERNSTEIN agreed. WEISMAN indicated to BERNSTEIN that the sum of $750,000.00 was available to finance this project and that such funds would be made available by the Jewish Agency for Palestine.

According to BERNSTEIN, shortly after his talk with WEISMAN he received a verification of this proposition from GOTTLIEB HAMMER, Dispersing
Officer, Jewish Agency for Palestine, WEISMAN told BERNSTEIN that when purchases were made by either himself or his associates, BERNSTEIN would be notified of the amount of money necessary for the particular transaction and BERNSTEIN should then request HAIDER to forward a check to him for this amount. BERNSTEIN would in turn issue a check for the same amount to the payee named by WEISMAN. According to BERNSTEIN, the above outlined plan was followed in connection with the purchase of materials.

On May 12, 1948, NAHUM BERNSTEIN was again interviewed by SA'S and at his office, 20 Pine Street, New York City. He advised that he himself was active in Jewish affairs and that he was secretary at that time for the Americans for Haganah, Inc., and that he was well acquainted with the principles of the Jewish Agency for Palestine in the United States and in Palestine itself. As a lawyer he stated he had been called upon on numerous occasions by various sections of the Jewish Agency for legal advice in matters pertaining to operation. He stated that in the fall of 1947, it was decided by the police level members to instigate an organization that could, if Palestine was partitioned, step in and relieve the other governments of considerable effort and manpower. It was decided that certain funds should be allotted for the purchase of desired aircraft. The services of Jewish persons in the United States who had proper education and other background should be employed.

A. W. SCHWIMMER was designated as the individual who should purchase and reconvert whatever aircraft believed necessary to institute a fair-size airline. Approximately $120,000.00 was deposited with BERNSTEIN which funds came from the Jewish Agency for Palestine. At the request of SCHWIMMER, BERNSTEIN would forward whatever money the former requested.

In the course of this interview, BERNSTEIN stated that in March, 1948, Rabbi HILLER SILVER suggested to JOHN HAROLD CARTER who was attempting to offer his services as a flyer in the conflict that was raging in Palestine, that he should contact a Jewish agency in New York City. According to BERNSTEIN, as a result of this contact, the suggestion was made to CARTER that he speak to TED KOLLEK. BERNSTEIN described KOLLEK as a Palestinian who spent a great deal of time in the United States and who had a small office in the Hotel 14, New York City. BERNSTEIN related that he became acquainted with KOLLEK through the publication "Haganah Speaks", a monthly publication put out by the Americans for Haganah, Inc. It appears that KOLLEK acted in an advisory capacity relative to articles appearing in the pamphlet. BERNSTEIN stated that several months prior to this interview KOLLEK got in touch with him and advised that he had been talking to an
individual by the name of CARTER who had been with the Flying Tigers in Burma and that this CARTER had a great deal of experience as a flyer. KOLLEK requested BERNSTEIN to check CARTER'S background to determine if CARTER had the experience in flying that he stated he had. BERNSTEIN then related that he contacted one of his associates in the law firm of SILVER and BERNSTEIN who had been in the Air Force and made inquiries concerning CARTER. It was determined that CARTER was unknown to several former members of the Flying Tigers. BERNSTEIN relayed this information to TED KOLLEK.

Confidential Informant T-5, of known reliability, made available the following information concerning correspondence received by NAHUM BERNSTEIN at his office, 20 Pine Street, New York City:

Correspondence was received by BERNSTEIN at this address from the Israeli Consulate, 11 East 70th Street, New York City, on April 5, 15, 20 May 9, 20, 1950.

Correspondence was received on the following dates from the organization: Materials for Israel, Inc., 250 West 57th Street, New York City. (This organization has space on the seventeenth floor at this address and according to the Superintendent of this building, this space is one and the same with the Israeli Supply Mission which occupies most of the seventeenth floor of 250 West 57th Street):

March 29, April 5, 18, May 10, 17, 19, 1950.

Set out herewith is a list of other pertinent return addresses that appeared on correspondence received by NAHUM BERNSTEIN at 20 Pine Street, New York, New York. This list includes only return addresses on domestic mail:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Name</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3/29/50</td>
<td>Synagogue Council of America, 110 West 42nd Street, New York 18, New York.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Date</td>
<td>Name</td>
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<tr>
<td>4/3/50</td>
<td>Chase National Bank,</td>
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<td></td>
<td>11 Broad Street,</td>
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<td></td>
<td>New York, New York.</td>
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<td>4/2/50, 4/27/50</td>
<td>Cleveland Trust Company,</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Euclid and East Ninth,</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cleveland, Ohio.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4/4/50, 4/6/50</td>
<td>National Lawyers Guild,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1050 Sixth Avenue,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>New York, New York.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4/11/50</td>
<td>Corn Exchange Bank and Trust Company,</td>
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<td></td>
<td>60th Street and Lexington Avenue,</td>
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<tr>
<td>4/11/50</td>
<td>Chase National Bank,</td>
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<td>Canal Street,</td>
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<td>Post Office Station,</td>
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<td>4/12/50</td>
<td>Israel National Airlines,</td>
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<td>250 West 57th Street,</td>
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<td></td>
<td>New York 19, New York.</td>
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<tr>
<td>4/13/50</td>
<td>Federal Reserve Bank of New York,</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Federal Reserve Post Office Station,</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>New York 45, New York.</td>
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<tr>
<td>4/14/50</td>
<td>A. V. SCHWABEGER,</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Park Sheraton Hotel,</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>New York, New York.</td>
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<tr>
<td>4/14/50</td>
<td>American Palestine Trading Corporation,</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>17 East 71st Street,</td>
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<tr>
<td>4/14/50</td>
<td>Overseas New Agency,</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>101 Park Avenue,</td>
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<td>New York 17, New York.</td>
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<th>Date</th>
<th>Name</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4/16/50</td>
<td>American Zionist Council, 342 Madison Avenue, New York 17, New York.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4/19/50</td>
<td>Department of Justice, Washington, D.C.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5/10/50</td>
<td>Ampal House, 17 East 71st Street, New York, New York.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5/15/50</td>
<td>Jewish Center of Pompton Lakes, Pompton Lakes, New Jersey.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5/18/50</td>
<td>New York, New York.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECRET

It should be noted that A. MANOR is the same individual previously mentioned who holds the position of Technical Advisor to the Israeli Supply Mission in New York and who has been observed on many occasions in the company of Efraim Ben Arzi, former Military Attache of the Israeli Embassy, Washington, D.C. It is believed that MANOR may have succeeded to the position of TED KOLLEK who was previously mentioned as possibly identical with "TEDDY" who was one of the four individuals named to manage Israeli Intelligence in the United States. This belief is based on the position that MANOR holds in the Israeli Supply Mission and to the fact that he was observed so many times in the company of Efraim Ben Arzi in the course of the physical surveillance of Ben Arzi that was maintained by agents during Ben Arzi's frequent visits to New York City during 1949 and up until his March departure for Israel on May 17, 1950.

It also should be noted that the publication "Israel Speaks" is the successor publication of "Haganah Speaks" of which NAHUM BERNSTEIN advised that he himself was secretary.

According to Confidential Informant T-3, of known reliability, NAHUM BERNSTEIN is presently the Secretary of the organization known as "Israel Speaks," Inc., which organization publishes the publication "Israel Speaks." DAVID R. WAHL is the Executive Director of this organization.

The following is a list of foreign mail that has been received by NAHUM BERNSTEIN at his office at 20 Pine Street, New York, New York:

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3/27/50</td>
<td>Post Office Box</td>
<td>Jerusalem,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3/29/50</td>
<td>Israeli Industries, Inc.</td>
<td>26 Rothschild Boulevard, Tel Aviv, Israel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4/14/50</td>
<td>Hotel Reynolds,</td>
<td>6th Ave., Paris, France.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Confidential Informant T-4, of known reliability, advised that NAHUM BERNSTEIN was in contact with NATHAN KOHN, who resides at 138 Lincoln Avenue, Patterson, New Jersey, on the following dates: October 22, December 23, 30, 1949, January 15, 1950.

These contacts were all made from the residence of NAHUM BERNSTEIN, 136 East 67th Street, to the home of NATHAN KOHN at 138 Lincoln Avenue, Patterson, New Jersey.

NAHUM BERNSTEIN was again in contact with NATHAN KOHN on November 22, 1949. On this occasion, NAHUM BERNSTEIN was in his office at the law office of Silver and Bernstein, 20 Pine Street, New York City.

On January 7, 1950, the same informant advised that NAHUM BERNSTEIN was in contact with NATHAN KOHN and that NATHAN KOHN at that time was staying at the Gaylord Hotel in Miami Beach, Florida.

NATHAN KOHN is identical with NATHAN STOLZAR KOHN who, according to the records of the Protocol Division, Department of State, is listed as employed as an advisor to the Israeli Supply Mission. KOHN is listed as a
United States citizen, born in St. Louis, Missouri, October 31, 1909, residence 18 Lincoln Avenue, Patterson, New Jersey. According to these records, KOHN was a Lieutenant Colonel in the United States Air Force from 1942 to 1946. It is also likely that he is identical with the individual who has been active in Israeli activities in this area. He has been prominently identified in connection with an organization known as Ultramar Corporation. [(u)]

--PENDING--
At Patterson, New Jersey

Will, upon receipt of Bureau approval, conduct investigation relative to the background of NATHAN KOHN.

Will ascertain his present activities.

LOS ANGELES

At Los Angeles, California

Will ascertain the relationship between NAHUM BERNSTEIN and the Union Bank and Trust Company, Eighth and Hills Streets. It is to be noted that BERNSTEIN has received several communications from this bank. (This lead was previously set out in report of SA at New York dated May 8, 1950).

CLEVELAND

At Cleveland, Ohio

Will ascertain the relationship between NAHUM BERNSTEIN and the Cleveland Trust Company, Euclid and East 9th Streets. It will be noted that BERNSTEIN received communications from this bank.

NEW YORK

At New York, New York

Will follow the activities of NAHUM BERNSTEIN.

Two copies of this report have been designated for the Washington Field Office since Washington is the office of origin in the control case, Espionage - Is...
CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANTS

The Confidential Informants mentioned in the report of SA dated June 13, 1950 at New York are as follows:

Anonymous

Mail cover on mail received by NAHUM BERNSTEIN at the office of SILVER and BERNSTEIN, 20 Pine Street, New York City.

REFERENCE: Letter from Bureau to New York dated April 12, 1950 in case entitled Espionage - IS.
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**Date:** MAR 29 1950

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Subj: Bournstein

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Subj: Braunsfei

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**MARCH 29, 1957**

**INITIALED**
**SERVICE UNIT SEARCH SLIP**

**Supervisor** Wannall **Room** 1649

**Subj:** BAERNSTEIN, Nahum

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**Date:** MAR 29 1950

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**Notes:**
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- Date: 10-50 Initial
- Signed: [Signature]
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<td>TITLE</td>
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**Synopsis of Facts:**
Subject appeared as defense witness January 15, 16, and 17, 1950, in the trial of United States vs. SCHWINGER, Et Al in a case involving a violation of the Neutrality Act in the shipment of military aircraft to Israel. BERNSTEIN testified in effect that he had furnished the money and directed the defendants in the purchase of this material, and in essence stated that he was responsible for the actions of the defendants. Assistant United States Attorney HERSCHEL E. CHAMPLIN advises that since BERNSTEIN had previously denied knowing SCHWINGER to Bureau Agents in New York his activity was not known until his testimony at the trial and, hence, was never indicted as a defendant. Assistant United States Attorney, Los Angeles, declines prosecution this district inasmuch as there was no overt act committed by the subject here.

**Details:**
A review of the transcript Volumes XXVIII, XIX, and XIX in the trial of United States vs. SCHWINGER, Et Al held in United States District Court, Southern California Division, Judge PIERSON M. HALL presiding, reflects that NAHUM BERNSTEIN appeared as a witness for the defendants in this trial on January 15, 16, and 17, 1950. The trial involved ADOLPH W. SCHWINGER and five other individuals plus SCHWINGER's corporation on charges of conspiracy to violate the Neutrality Act by smuggling aircraft to Israel. Defending the six individuals in this trial were Attorneys ISAAC PACT and WILLIAM STRONG.

On January 15, 1950, NAHUM A. BERNSTEIN was called as a witness by the defense and gave his home address as 136 East 67th Street,
New York City. BERNSTEIN stated that he was a member of the New York Bar and named one of his partners as EDWARD S. SILVER, whom he described as the Chief Assistant District Attorney of Kings County, Brooklyn, New York, and a former special assistant to the Attorney General.

In response to a question by the court (Judge PIERSON M. HALL presiding) as to what the defense intended to prove by this witness, that is BERNSTEIN, both PACT and STRONG replied "everything". ———, that the whole plan of operations in the formation of the SERVICE AIRWAYS were under BERNSTEIN's supervision, "the setting up of the plan, the purchase of the planes, the Panamanian situation — everything." BERNSTEIN stated in answer to questions by Mr. PACT that he was the legal representative of the JEWISH AGENCY FOR PALESTINE, which he explained was an agency created and recognized by the old League of Nations.

BERNSTEIN stated that the American Section of this agency in America was headed by Rabbi ABBA HILLEL SILVER of Cleveland, Ohio, and maintained headquarters at 16 East 66th Street, New York City. He stated that it consisted of a Political Department, an Economic Department, and a Refugee and Immigration Department and has a substantial staff of people running into perhaps a hundred or more. BERNSTEIN under questioning of Attorney ISAC PACT stated that sometime between October and November, 1947, in the Executive Room of the American Section of the JEWISH AGENCY FOR PALESTINE, 16 East 66th Street, New York City, at a meeting of five or six men and women including Rabbi ABBA HILLEL SILVER, Chairman, DR. EMMANUEL NEUMANN, Mrs. ROSE VATER, representing MADASSAH, MR. GOTTHEILHAMM, Treasurer of the Jewish Agency, DR. MAHDI SOTDIN, and a man named GREENBERG, first name unrecalled, it was decided that in view of the imminent partition of Palestine at that time with a consequent war with the Arab State the institutions and investments in Palestine were in danger. BERNSTEIN said that he was asked if he could handle the problem of acquiring aircraft for the purpose of maintaining communication with Palestine and the United States. BERNSTEIN recalled that a Mr. ALBERT MILLER, an Israeli citizen, had come from Palestine to attend this meeting and was at that time an executive of the Jewish Agency in Jerusalem.

On January 16, 1950, PACT continued the questioning of BERNSTEIN to show that the JEWISH AGENCY FOR PALESTINE financed the entire project of the purchase of aircraft under the direction of BERNSTEIN, and that the defendants in this case, SCHWABER et al, were merely agents. BERNSTEIN pointed out that at the suggestion of ALBERT MILLER he took over the general supervision of handling the funds and again at the suggestion of MILLER agreed to contact one of the defendants, SCHWABER, to head up a project of acquiring aircraft.
PARCH at this point questioned BERNSTEIN as to his military background, and BERNSTEIN replied that he was connected with OSS during the past war and spent sometime on the West Coast "in charge of preparing and training the missions for operations in enemy territory during the past war."

BERNSTEIN testified that in November, 1947, he met with SCHWITTER, and arrangements were made for the purchase of aircraft. The money for this purchase was provided by the Jewish Agency and by means of checks which he deposited in his law firm's special account at the CHASE NATIONAL BANK, 20 Pine Street, New York City. SCHWITTER opened an account to receive these funds at the BANK OF AMERICA in Hollywood, California. This took place in November of 1947.

Upon cross examination, BERNSTEIN stated that he became the attorney for the JEWISH AGENCY FOR PALESTINE in October or November, 1947, and that he last represented this organization when the planes were transferred to the State of Israel. He stated that he was a secretary for AMERICANS FOR HAGANAH in 1947 having been personally responsible for forming this organization as a corporation. He denied that he had ever told Mr. JOHN B. SIMONS and Mr. JOSEPH M. KELLY of the FBI Office in New York that he had never met SCHWITTER prior to their interview with him.

On January 16, 1950, during the cross examination of BERNSTEIN, the Defense Counsel, in the person of Judge PARCH requested the court to consider the feasibility of releasing BERNSTEIN at the conclusion of the cross examination inasmuch as he was to leave for Israel a week from that day. BERNSTEIN was released by the court on Tuesday, January 17, 1950, stating to the court that he was returning to New York City on that date and would turn over to agents of the New York Office certain material and records regarding the purchase of aircraft for Israel on the following afternoon.

Two years prior to the testimony given by BERNSTEIN and on January 13, 1948, NAHUM BERNSTEIN was interviewed by SA and Si... at his office, 20 Pine Street, New York City. At the very outset of this interview, BERNSTEIN stated that he presumed that the visit of the agents to his office was occasioned by an investigation into the affairs of the FOUNDRY ASSOCIATES, INCORPORATED. In this regard, BERNSTEIN stated that in November of 1947 he received a telephone call from LEONARD WEISMAN, whom he had known for some years, who like himself was active in the Zionist Cause. On this occasion, WEISMAN told BERNSTEIN that he had been requested to assist in a project to acquire a stock pile of material for eventual
shipment to Palestine. WEISMAN told BERNSTEIN that he had consented to assist in this project, and that now it was necessary that a reputable well-known person act as dispersing officer for the funds available to finance this project. WEISMAN requested BERNSTEIN to function in this capacity and to this BERNSTEIN agreed. WEISMAN indicated to BERNSTEIN that the sum of $750,000 was available to finance this project, and that such funds would be made available by the JEWISH AGENCY FOR PALESTINE.

According to BERNSTEIN, shortly after his talk with WEISMAN he received a verification of this proposition from GOTTLIEB HAMMER, Dispersing Officer for the JEWISH AGENCY FOR PALESTINE. WEISMAN told BERNSTEIN that when purchases were made by either himself or his associates BERNSTEIN would be notified of the amount of money necessary for the particular transaction, and BERNSTEIN should then request HAMMER to forward a check to him for this amount. BERNSTEIN would in turn issue a check for the same amount to the payee named WEISMAN. According to BERNSTEIN, the above outlined plan was followed in connection with the purchase of materials. At the time of this interview, BERNSTEIN stated that he had never seen or met A. W. SCHWINDER; although, he stated he knew of him.

SA [Name Redacted] of the New York Office, appeared as a rebuttal witness in this trial to testify that he had interviewed BERNSTEIN on January 13, 1948, at which time BERNSTEIN told Agent [Name Redacted] and SA JOSEPH M. KELLY, of the New York Office, that he had never seen or met ADOLPH W. SCHWINDER although he knew of him.

As a result of this trial, three individuals, ADOLPH W. SCHWINDER, LEON GARDNER, of North Hollywood, and RAY SELK, of 741 North Curson Avenue, Los Angeles, and the Corporation, SERVICE AIRWAYS, were convicted and fined ten thousand dollars each for conspiracy to violate the U. S. Neutrality Act. The three other defendants, HERMAN M. GREENSPAN, of Las Vegas, WILLIAM SOSNOW, of New York, and SAM B. LEWIS, of 133 South Orlando Avenue, Los Angeles, were acquitted by the jury on January 6, 1950. Another phase of that case involving SCHWINDER, GARDNER, SOSNOW, GREENSPAN, and others was pending at that time in Miami, Florida.

According to Assistant United States Attorney HERSCHEL E. CHAMPLIN in an interview had with him on June 7, 1950, by the writer, had the Government known of BERNSTEIN's participation in the conspiracy involving SCHWINDER at Al prior to his admission of it in court, he would have been indicted along with the others. CHAMPLIN considered at that time that it still would have been possible to have BERNSTEIN indicted in the Miami phase of this case.
On July 17, 1950, Mr. HERSCHEL E. CHAMPLIN advised the writer that Judge PIERSON M. HALL had fined HERMAN M. GREENSPUN, WILLIAM SOSNOW, and ABRAHAM LEVEN ten thousand dollars each on their pleas of guilty to conspire to violate the U. S. Neutrality Act. GREENSPUN was fined for conspiracy to violate the U. S. Neutrality Act by exporting arms and ammunition to Palestine in 1948. SOSNOW and LEVEN were fined for conspiracy to violate the U. S. Neutrality Act in connection with the transporting of military aircraft to Israel from Florida. This, he said, is the disposition of the Miami phase of this case inasmuch as SOSNOW and LEVEN had been indicted by a Grand Jury in Miami but under Rule 20 had their case transferred for purposes of trial to Los Angeles.

Mr. CHAMPLIN has been requested for his opinion as to prosecution of BERNSTEIN in the light of BERNSTEIN’s testimony indicating his incitement in a conspiracy to violate the Neutrality Act. Mr. CHAMPLIN advises that he contemplates no action regarding BERNSTEIN because he has committed no overt act in this jurisdiction. Mr. CHAMPLIN stated that the Justice Department has worked out a formula for the prosecutions of the main defendants who were indicted for violations in the several judicial districts so that they would not be sentenced more than once. Mr. CHAMPLIN pointed out that since BERNSTEIN had previously denied knowing SCHUMMERT to Bureau Agents in New York his conspiratorial activity was not known until he testified at the trial, and he was never indicted as a defendant. Mr. CHAMPLIN suggested, therefore, that this matter should be taken up with the Department of Justice which has a copy of the transcript of the case, which includes BERNSTEIN’s testimony and the refutation of part of this testimony by SA JOHN B. SILLIONS. Mr. CHAMPLIN also suggested that the matter of prosecution of BERNSTEIN be taken up with the United States Attorney in New York City or Washington, D. C. inasmuch as BERNSTEIN’s activities were confined particularly to these jurisdictions.

In passing sentence on HERMAN GREENSPUN and in passing sentence on the two individuals ABRAHAM J. LEVEN and WILLIAM SOSNOW, who were involved in the Miami phase of this aircraft smuggling case, it is to be noted that Judge PIERSON M. HALL as quoted in the "LOS ANGELES TIMES" and the "DAILY NEWS" of July 17, 1950, stated in effect that as he has indicated before in the case of United States vs. SCHUMMERT, et al the smuggling of aircraft and weapons to a nation at war and in defiance of United States neutrality is a most serious crime. "The Government, he said, cannot permit individuals or private groups to conduct their private wars." With regard to GREENSPUN, Judge HALL said, "I think GREENSPUN was the leader, but I cannot bring myself to send him to prison because I believe that there are other persons more culpable than he in the background ... but they are not in the jurisdiction of this court."
It is Mr. CHAMPLIN's belief that in making this statement with regard to GREENSPUN, who was also a defendant in the SCHWIMMER case, Judge HILL particularly had in mind such persons as NAHUM BERNSTEIN and others who were primarily responsible for the actions of the defendants.
Mr. HERSCHEL CHAMPLIN, Assistant United States Attorney, Los Angeles, was contacted on July 18, 1950, regarding copies of the transcript in the case of United States vs. SCHWIMMER, et al, and he advised that the Justice Department in Washington is in possession of a copy of the transcript in this case. Testimony of BERNSTEIN will be found in Volumes XXVIII, XIX, and XXX.

Three copies of this report are being furnished New York and the Washington Field Division. However, no copies are being designated for the United States Attorneys in these jurisdictions at this time until a decision as to the prosecution of BERNSTEIN is made by the Justice Department in Washington.
REFERENCE:


Bureau telegram to Los Angeles dated July 18, 1950, captioned "ESPIONAGE IS."
CHARLES DAVIS, a 33 year old American Negro who claims to be a long time Communist now reformed (without the knowledge of his Communist friends), advised on August 14, 1950, that YAAKOV MALKIN, 25 years of age, born at 'Arras, France, travelling as a student with Israeli Passport #2147, had arrived in Paris on August 10, 1950.

MALKIN, according to the informant, is a doctor of medicine and served in the Medical Corps of the Israeli Army during the war with the Arabs. MALKIN left for London, England, by train at 10 a.m., August 14, 1950, while in Paris he lived at the Hotel des Bains, 33 Rue Delambre, 6th Floor, Room 41. He arrived in Paris from Tel-Aviv on board an airplane of the ZIM airline. All the expenses of the trip were paid for by the Agence Juif (Jewish Agency) located in the Consulate of Israel, 145 Avenue des Anglais, Paris.

The informant reported that YAAKOV MALKIN is the Vice Secretary of the Communist Party of Israel. He is a good friend of MRS. MENDELSON, whom the informant described as a member of a Maryland Branch of the Communist Party, USA, approximately 45 years of age with a wife and daughter still living in the State of Maryland. MENDELSON is a dentist who served in the Medical Corps of the Israeli Army during the hostilities with the Arabs in Palestine. MENDELSON is now on route to Haifa, Israel, for the purpose of reentering the Army of Israel.

During the four days MALKIN was in Paris, an American girl, approximately 23 years of age, by the name of PHILLIS GATES lived with him at the Hotel des Bains. GATES is employed by UNESCO in Paris. Her phone number is A. 9062, Extension 2589. She is a member of the Communist Party, USA, according to the informant. (GATES accompanied ZIM to London.

In London MALKIN and GATES will confer with officials of the party of England concerning the Communist campaign against the immigration program in France. Also, they will join 16 Israeli students among the Communists of Israel who arrived in England via ZIM on or about August 1950.

MALKIN and GATES will remain in England for about 3 weeks, after they intend to return to Paris with the above described Communist agents.

MALKIN told the informant that he had been in contact with NAPOLEON SCHOENSCHELDT in Geneva, Switzerland.
in secretary of the Italian Communist Partisans in Switzerland. Malkin has documents and plans concerning the military reorganization of the Italian Partisans which were given to him by P. E. E. H. S. H. T. M. L., according to Malkin's statements to the informant.

Malkin also has letters of introduction and credence from the Communist Party of Israel to the Communist Party of France. He also has a letter of introduction to Miss Barbara N. V. D. O. of the London Daily Worker.

The informant reported that Malkin's father, a member of a Communist extremist group in Israel calling itself the N. E. M. D. W. with headquarters in Tel-Aviv, will be in Paris by September 30, 1960. Malkin's father's first name is not known.

The informant reported that Jan Zanik, Malkin told him he wanted to go to the United States in about one year. The informant learned from Malkin that the latter had been in Paris during the war and was in several secret organizations.

The informant reported that on August 15, 1960, Jan Zanik, an American citizen about 55 years of age believed to be functioning as an agent for the Bulgarian Government, was in contact with Malkin. At that time Zanik furnished Malkin detailed information concerning Bulgarians in Paris, those who are actual Communists, those who pretend to be Communists and the non-Communists. He also furnished information to Malkin to be relayed to Communist Party officials in London concerning anti-mobilization plans in France.

On August 15, 1960, the informant reported that he had lunched that day with Jan Zanik and had learned the following concerning him.

Zanik is an American citizen. He was born in the United States and speaks English with a broad "A" and soft "O" as they do in Boston and some of the New England States.

Zanik told the informant that he was in Bulgaria during the war and is working for the Bulgarian Government at the present time. He has been in Paris about 5 weeks. He will go to Nice within the next week where he will remain 3 months.

Zanik stated that the Bulgarian Government intends to bring about the overthrow of Tito in Yugoslavia. That in each town in Yugoslavia there are tight pro-Stalinist groups which will cause trouble when given the signal. He would not elaborate on this point.

The informant reported that Zanik, Malkin had been arrested in Italy (some time ago) and was being held in Switzerland. That Zanik receives important information from the United States and was paid 100,000 Swiss Francs (about 125,000) per
The informant was further advised by \textsc{zankov} that \textsc{malen} receives 75,000 French francs per month while in Paris. \textsc{zankov} stated that \textsc{malen} is used to carry information on micro-film to certain officials of the movement in London.

\textsc{zankov} told the informant that he was going to pick up some money from the Bulgarian Consulate on August 16, 1950.

\textsc{zankov} was asked by the informant about \textsc{joehann schneideli}, a Swiss Communist when the informant met in Zurich, Switzerland, several months ago. \textsc{zankov} stated that \textsc{joehann schneideli} is a nuclear scientist whose knowledge of atomic energy might be useful to the movement. In this connection, \textsc{zankov} mentioned a meeting that is scheduled for August 25, 1950, at Zurich. He said this meeting would be of importance to the "East European Democracies." This meeting had already come to the informant's attention through other Communist contacts in Paris. One of these was a Polish Consular employee in Paris who described the meeting as an "informative" type meeting. It will be held from August 25-26, 1950, in the house of \textsc{otto schneideli}, 43 Central Strasse, Zurich.

The informant reported that the following Communists will take part in the meetings:

\textsc{nancy hawgood}, American Negro author and wife
\textsc{j. c. ailb}, member of the English Communist Party who has been traveling widely in Europe during the past month
\textsc{fridtjof napoleon bergstrom}
\textsc{joehann and otto schneideli}, and \textsc{joehann}’s wife \textsc{ruth schneideli}

The informant reported that the principal purpose of the meeting is to provide these participating an opportunity to discuss their accomplishments in the last six months.

\textsc{daves} reported on August 16, 1950 that \textsc{jan zankov} left that day for Nice in a Citroen sedan, black, bearing license 97534P, and that he was going to pick up \textsc{j. c. ailb} at Fontainebleau.

\textsc{zankov} is described as follows:

| Age  | about 35 years | Dress  | Untidy, wears old clothes
|------|----------------|--------|------------------------|
| Height | 5'10"   | Peculiarities | Smokes numerous cigarettes, bites lower lip, nervous
| Weight | 165     |               | Round burn scar between thumb and forefinger, left hand
| Eyes  | Dark brown | Sear   |                        |
| Hair  | dark, straight, receding hairline, combs it back |                 |                        |
| Nose  | Large, hooked |     |                        |
It is noted that recently the following reports have been received in connection with captioned investigation, all of which pertain primarily to Nahum Bernstein, who is the subject of a separate case in your office:

Report of Special Agent dated June 23, 1950,
at Newark, New Jersey.

Report of Special Agent dated June 29, 1950,
at Los Angeles, California.

Report of Special Agent dated June 30, 1950,
at Los Angeles, California.

You are requested to submit the information contained in these reports pertaining to Bernstein in the next report submitted by your office in the Bernstein case in accordance with the instructions set forth in Bureau letter dated June 25, 1950, in captioned matter.
In a situation, involving the participation of a government official in a military intelligence operation, it has been alleged that such participation was not authorized. According to current laws, such participation would be considered a violation of the law. A proposal for such participation was presented for your approval.

(Handwritten note:)

To advise you that, with a certain subject in mind, a proposal was submitted for your consideration. It is my understanding that the proposal was approved.

(Handwritten note:)

June 27, 1950

(Handwritten note:)

July 13, 1950
**FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION**

**SECRET**

### Form No. 1

**New York**

**Report Made At:**

- **Date When Made:** 9/19/50
- **Period For Which Made:** 7/13-9/5/50
- **Report Made By:** b6

**Title:** Nahum Bernstein

**Character of Case:** Espionage - IS

**Synopsis of Facts:**

David Israel now identified as Victor Israel, a Danish citizen who works as a commission agent for Nahum Bernstein has received correspondence of recent date from R. Shiloah, Foreign Ministry, Israel; Israeli Industries, Tel Aviv; A. Fein, Israel; and L. W. Cole, Paris, France. Also from the Israeli Consulate, New York City; Governor of Israel Supply Mission; El Al Israeli National Air Line; Israeli Speaks, Inc.; Material for Israel; Rudolf Sondheim, President of Material for Israel, and the Land Seals Products Corporation, with whom Philip Alper and J. W. Schimmele have had previous connections.

Information from confidential informants set out new contacts and associates of Bernstein.

**Details:**

Confidential Informant T-1, of known reliability, made a confidential inquiry at the Hotel Reynolds, Sixth Avenue, Bertie Albrecht, Paris, and ascertained the following information concerning David Israel, who is known to have stayed at that hotel.

**His true name is Victor Israel. He is a Danish citizen and has Danish Passport #125/1947, issued at Goteborg on November 1, 1947. He was born on December 14, 1921, at Copenhagen, Denmark. He is employed as a commission agent. It was ascertained that he has been at the Reynolds Hotel on the following dates: February 13 and 14, 1950; April 7-12, 1950; and April 13-21, 1950. It was believed that he checked out of the hotel on April 12, 1950, but checked back in on the same date. He has not checked in at the hotel since April 21, 1950. It was also ascertained that during his stay in Paris, he had his appendix removed in a clinic in that city.
SECRET

NY 65-15301

Confidential Informant T-2, of known reliability, advised that NAHUM BERNSTEIN received the following correspondence pertaining to this investigation at his office at 20 Pine Street, New York City:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dates</th>
<th>Addressor</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7/13/50</td>
<td>Trans Caribbean</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>160 Central Park South</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7/13, 14, 15, 31; 8/4, 8, 11/50</td>
<td>Land-Sea Products Corporation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>39 Broadway</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7/13, 22, 24, 8/9, 11/50</td>
<td>11 East 70th Street</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(Israeli Consulate)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7/15/50</td>
<td>Manufacturers Trust Company</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>55 Broad Street</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7/18, 22, 24, 25, 28; 8/1, 8, 14, 15, 21, 22, 26/50</td>
<td>Material for Israel, Inc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>250 West 57th Street</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7/18/50</td>
<td>L. Sonneborn Sons, Inc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>300 Fourth Avenue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>New York 10, New York</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7/19, 23; 8/2, 16, 23/50</td>
<td>Israeli Industries, Inc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>122 Allenby Road</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tel Aviv, Israel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7/20, 8/5/50</td>
<td>Sachar-Isserman Defense Committee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>123 West 24th Street</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>New York, New York</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7/21/50</td>
<td>The Riggs National Bank</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1503 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Washington, D. C.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7/21/50</td>
<td>American Airmotive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>F.O. Box 6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Miami Springs, Florida</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Dates Addresser
7/25/50 Jamaica, New York
7/26/50 A. Fein
Kibbitz-Hashofet, Israel
7/28/50 Bank of New York and
Fifth Avenue Bank
48 Wall Street
New York, New York
7/28, 8/24/50 Government of Israel Supply Mission
250 West 57th Street
New York 19, New York
7/29/50 Al Israeli National Air Line
250 West 57th Street
7/29/50 New York
8/1/50 Horororbl BROOK S, HAYS
Washington, D. C.
8/2, 5, 21/50 Israel Speaks
250 West 57th Street
New York 19, New York
8/3/50 c/o BRIERFIELD
215 West 33rd Street
New York 21, New York
8/14/50 Canadian Bank of Commerce
Victoria, B.C.
8/16, 17/50 Harry Sacher Defense Committee
123 West 44th Street
New York 19, New York
RUDOLF G. SONNEBORN, from whom N. BERNSTEIN received correspondence, is on the executive board of the publication "Israel Speaks", which publication is published by DAVID M. AHR. ABRAHAM FEINBERG is the president of Israel Speaks, Inc.

RUDOLF SONNEBORN, in 1948, according to Confidential Informant T-3, of known reliability, was the president of Material for Israel, Inc., which corporation was chartered, according to this informant, under the New York laws on February 4, 1948, as a membership organization. Besides SONNEBORN, the officers were listed as follows: ADOLF ROBINSON, Secretary; SAMUEL CHARR, Treasurer; and CHARLES GUTWIRTH. This corporation was formed for the purpose of accepting donations of materials, such as tents, blankets, and other non-combatant items for shipment to the State of Israel. It will be noted that NAHUM BERNSTEIN received several communications from Material for Israel, Inc.

R. SHILOAH, who corresponded with BERNSTEIN, is RUBEN SHILOAH, presently connected with the Foreign Ministry in Israel. He visited the United States in 1949.
Concerning the Land Seases Products Corporation, 39 Broadway, New York City, it is known that PHILIP ALFER was arrested and pled guilty to the charge of attempting to illegally ship T.N.T. to Israel, in December 1947. In a signed statement given at the time of his arrest, he advised that after his arrival in New York City, from California in 1945, he was employed for a period of three to four months by the Land Seases Products Corporation.

Also, on May 4, 1948, HAMPHY CARLSON, Acting Chief of the Aircraft Branch of the War Assets Administration, Los Angeles, California, advised that A. W. SCHWIMMER had purchased five C46 Airplanes in the name of the Land Seases Products Corporation, 39 Broadway, New York City. A. W. SCHWIMMER recently was found guilty in the Federal Court in Los Angeles, California, of illegally transporting arms and ammunitions out of the United States, via Mexico to Israel.
CHARLES BLOUS [crossed out], who is known to have corresponded with NAHUM BERNSTEIN, may be identical with CHARLES BLOUS, who was recently mentioned by LOUIS BUDENZ as one of four hundred Communists, whom BUDENZ was now able to name. BUDENZ did not supply any address for this individual.

The individual from whom BERNSTEIN received correspondence, is said to be the same person who recently supplied information to the New York Office regarding alleged Communists in the United States, whom he knew in Israel. Described himself as formerly connected with the Palestine Police. According to himself, he is attempting to sell a book that he recently published.

The following investigation was conducted by the Newark Office:

GROVER C. RICHMOND, JR., Assistant United States Attorney, Camden, New Jersey, advised that he had business dealings on at least two different occasions with NAHUM BERNSTEIN, one being a collection which he had referred to BERNSTEIN, and the other concerning the seizure of a constellation airplane of the United States Government. RICHMOND stated that BERNSTEIN had been retained by the State of Israel and an organization representing the State of Israel to arrange for the release of the constellation. BERNSTEIN was characterized by RICHMOND as being very sharp and very interested in the welfare of the State of Israel. He also stated that he believed that BERNSTEIN was a loyal American citizen.

HARRY ADLER, Attorney, Bridgeton, New Jersey, advised that his dealings with NAHUM BERNSTEIN had come about as a result of the United States Government's seizure of a constellation airplane, which was being flown to
Israel. He said that Bernstein represented the State of Israel and was sent to Bridgeport, New Jersey, to arrange for the release of the constellation. Adler stated that, in his opinion, Bernstein is a typical "loud mouthed" New York lawyer, who is very sharp, but still honest in his dealings. He said that Bernstein is very much interested in the State of Israel and is very active in its behalf. However, Adler stated that he believes that Bernstein's enthusiasm for the State of Israel is due to his receiving a goodly sum of money to represent the various interests of Israel. Adler stated that he has the impression that Bernstein is absolutely loyal to the Government of the United States and that if there was a case of conflict between his loyalty to the United States and his love of Israel, his loyalty to the United States would be stronger.

The following investigation was conducted by the Los Angeles Field Division:

On June 23, 1950, Confidential Informant T-4, of known reliability furnished the identities of subscribers to telephone numbers called by Nahum Bernstein from the Ambassador Hotel, Los Angeles, California. They are set out as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Subscriber</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HO 91304 (non-published)</td>
<td>ADOLPH Z. SCHMIDT 2027 North Vine Street, Los Angeles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EX 1234</td>
<td>The Town House (a hotel) 639 South Commonwealth Avenue, Los Angeles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GL 0307</td>
<td>Los Angeles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VE 60383</td>
<td>b6 Los Angeles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Malibu 7884</td>
<td>b7c Los Angeles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Malibu, California</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ADOLPH W. SCHWIMMER

According to Confidential Informant T-6, of known reliability, SCHWIMMER is presently organizing an air line which will operate from the United States to Israel, and he is in the process of conditioning four Lockheed Constellation planes purchased from the War Assets Administration for this purpose.

Mrs. MATILDA ZITTELL - BERNARD ZITTELL

A review of the indices of the Los Angeles Office did not reflect any information identifiable with BERNARD ZITTELL of 1735 Bedford Street, Los Angeles, California. However, there is information concerning a TED ZITTELL and MATILDA ZITTELL.

Confidential Informant T-6, of known reliability, in February, 1950, made available certain information concerning the "Los Angeles Civil Rights Bail Bond Fund", which is maintained at the Citizens National Trust and Savings Bank of Los Angeles. With regard to the "Los Angeles Civil Rights Bail Bond Fund", ANN SHORE, Civil Rights Congress Executive Secretary for Los Angeles, was heard by Special Agent of the Los Angeles Office, at a Civil Rights Congress rally at the Embassy Auditorium on October 18, 1949, to state that the fund was made up of loans which would be returned on thirty-day notice. SHORE stated that the loans could only be used for the Communist Party leaders convicted in New York.

Examination of the bail fund account reflects that a number of checks have been written on the account to various persons, marked "refund of loan". Among the checks written to individuals marked "refund of loan" is a check dated January 25, 1950, in the amount of $200.00 written to TED ZITTELL and endorsed by MATILDA M. ZITTELL, address not given.

Confidential Informant T-7, of known reliability, furnished certain information concerning the BERNARD ZITTELL of 1735 South Bedford Street, Los Angeles, California. According to this source, BERNARD MARTINEZ ZITTELL is 34 years of age and his wife's first name is given as SILVIA. He is employed as...
salesman for the Sommers Manufacturing Company at 1300 Santee Street, Los Angeles, California, and owns his home at the Bedford Street address. According to this source, ZITTELL was formerly a partner-owner of the Stonescreek Lingerie Company, Los Angeles, California, for four months in 1941, and is believed to have been formerly employed as a salesman for the Larman Sportswear Company of New York for four years, and the J. Ewenon & Sons, 347 Fifth Avenue, New York City, for three and one-half years. Prior to that he is believed to have been in business for himself as the Artisan Press Company, New York City, for five years.

**RAFAEL PUMPELLY**

The indices of the Los Angeles Office reflect that RAPHAEL PUMPELLY was born on November 29, 1911, in New York City, and that on May 3, 1940, at Los Angeles, he married MARTA MARIA TAYLOR, nee SZALONEK, alias MARIA RETY, and was divorced by her in Los Angeles on April 17, 1942. The above information was obtained by a review of the records of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Los Angeles County under file D-219934. At the time of the divorce PUMPELLY was employed by the Douglas Aircraft Company in Santa Monica.

Investigation of MARTA MARIA TAYLOR was requested by the British Security Service in 1943 when it was found that she had contracted what appeared to be "a marriage of convenience" with a British subject in 1936, and thereafter had traveled widely about Europe alone, thus giving rise to the opinion by Briti Security agents that she might have been employed as a courier by either the Nazis or the Soviets. 

Investigation of this woman by the Los Angeles Office reflected that she did not appear to be engaged in any subversive activities, and the matter was closed. Incidental to this investigation, a check of the records of the Douglas Aircraft Company was made concerning RAPHAEL RIPLEY PUMPELLY in August, 1943, and the following information was obtained concerning him:

**RAPHAEL RIPLEY PUMPELLY** was then employed by the Douglas Aircraft Company as a tool projecting man, having been employed on January 5, 1942. At that time, he resided at 6924 Sunset Boulevard, Hollywood, California. These records further reflected that he was born on November 22, 1911, and that he received a B.A. Degree at Princeton University in 1936. He had previously been employed by the Twentieth Century-Fox Studios, Los Angeles, California, and was registered for Selective Service with Local Draft Board 241 in Hollywood.
After divorcing PUMPELLEY in 1942, TAYLOR married FLOYD ALI NELSON, a Marine Intelligence Officer, sometime in 1943.

According to the records of Confidential Informant T-6, as compiled on January 1, 1949, RAPHAEL PUMPELLEY owns the residence at 242 Rambla Orienta, Malibu. His present marital status is shown as a widower, and he is presently employed by the Equitable Life Assurance Society at 393 Seventh Avenue, New York City. His position with this group is that of a group supervisor and solicitor. He has a bank account at the Beverly Hills National Bank with an average balance of $100.00 to $200.00. The following items of record concerning PUMPELLEY were also furnished by Confidential Informant T-6:

PUMPELLEY is stated to own the residence at 242 Rambla Orienta, Malibu, California, which is valued at over $20,000.00. According to information received in January, 1949, by Confidential Informant T-3, PUMPELLEY is stated to have divorced his wife, EMILY PUMPELLEY.

Confidential Informant T-8, of known reliability, advised that Bernstein was a guest of the Ambassador Hotel, Los Angeles, California, on January 8, 9, and 10, 1950. His home address was given as 136 East 67th Street, New York City. He was registered alone.

At the time of Bernstein's visit to Los Angeles, trial was being held in the United States District Court, Southern California Division, in the matter of the United States vs. Schwimmer and others. The trial involved Adolph W. Schwimmer and five other individuals, plus Schwimmer's Corporation on charges of conspiracy to violate the Neutrality Act and Export Control Act by smuggling aircraft to Israel.

Defending the six individuals in this trial were Isaac Pacht, former Superior Court Judge for the County of Los Angeles, and present chairman of the Los Angeles Jewish Community Council, and William Strong, former United States Attorney in and for the Southern District of California and present legal advisor to the Israeli Consulate in Los Angeles.

From a review of a portion of the records of the trial, which was quite lengthy, it was found that Nahum Bernstein, an Attorney for the Jewish Agency for Palestine, was the last witness for the defendants in this trial, and was in Los Angeles for this purpose, from January 8 through 17, 1950.
Examined by Judge Pacht, on January 15, 1950, Bernstein stated that he was asked by Albert Miller, in 1947, to establish air facilities which could be used for communication with Palestine and to carry refugees to Palestine. For this purpose, he stated that he obtained the services of Adolph Schimmer, whom he placed in charge of the procurement of aircraft.

Bernstein testified at this time that the money for the purchase of Lockheed Constellation Planes and C-46 surplus United States aircraft came from a special account of Silver and Bernstein. At the time of this testimony, Bernstein testified that he had met with Schimmer in October or November, 1947.

Special Agent [blank] of the New York Office, appeared as a rebuttal witness in this trial to testify that he had interviewed Bernstein on January 13, 1943, at which time Bernstein told Special Agent [blank] and Special Agent [blank] of the New York Office, that he had never seen nor met Adolph W. Schimmer although he knew of him.

As a result of this trial, three individuals, Adolph W. Schimmer, Leon Gardner, of North Hollywood, and Ray Selk, of 741 North Curson Avenue, Los Angeles, and the Corporation, Service Airways, were convicted and fined $10,000.00 each for conspiracy to violate the United States Neutrality Act. The other defendants, Herman M. Greenspun, of Las Vegas, William Sosnow, of New York, and Sam R. Lewis, of 133 South Orlando Avenue, Los Angeles, were acquitted by the jury on January 6, 1950. Another phase of this case involving Schimmer, Gardner, Sosnow, and others, is now pending in Miami, Florida.

Inasmuch as certain portions of Bernstein's testimony concern his background and past activities in connection with the Jewish Agency for Palestine portions of his remarks are being set forth as follows:

On January 15, 1950, Nahum A. Bernstein was called as a witness by the defense and gave his home address as 136 East 67th Street, New York City. Bernstein stated that he was a member of the New York Bar and named one of his partners as Edward Silver, whom he described as the Chief Assistant District Attorney of Kings County, Brooklyn, New York, and a former special assistant to the Attorney General.

In response to a question by the court (Judge Pierson M. Hall presiding) as to what the defense intended to prove by this witness, that is Bernstein, both Pacht and Strong replied "everything." ------, that the whole plan
SECRET

of operations in the formation of the Service, always under BERNSTEIN'S supervision, "the setting up of the plan, the purchase of the planes, the Panamanian situation -- everything". BERNSTEIN stated in answer to questions by Mr. PACTH that he was the legal representative of the Jewish Agency for Palestine which he explained was an agency created and recognized by the old League of Nations.

BERNSTEIN stated that the American Section of this agency in America was headed by Rabbi ABBA HILLEL SILVER of Cleveland, Ohio, and maintained headquarters at 16 East 66th Street, New York City. He stated that it consisted of a Political Department, an Economic Department, and a Refugee and Immigration Department, and has a substantial staff of people running into perhaps a hundred or more. BERNSTEIN under questioning of attorney ISAAC PACTH stated that sometime between October and November, 1947, in the Executive Room of the American Section of the Jewish Agency for Palestine, 16 East 66th Street, New York City, at a meeting of five or six men and women, including Rabbi ABBA HILLEL SILVER, Chairman, Dr. EMANUEL NEWMAN, Mrs. ROSE HALPERIN, representing HADASSAH, Mr. GOTTHEIL HAMMER, Treasurer of the Jewish Agency, Dr. NAHUM GOLDMAN, and a man named GREENBERG, first name unrecalled, it was decided that in view of the imminent partition of Palestine at that time with a consequent war with the Arab State, the institutions and investments in Palestine were in danger. BERNSTEIN said that he was asked if he could handle the problem of acquiring aircraft for the purpose of maintaining communication with Palestine and the United States. BERNSTEIN recalled that a Mr. ALBERT MILLER, an Israeli citizen, had come from Palestine to attend this meeting, and was at that time an executive of the Jewish Agency in Jerusalem.

On January 12, 1950, PACTH continued the questioning of BERNSTEIN to show that the Jewish Agency for Palestine financed the entire project of the purchase of aircraft under the direction of BERNSTEIN, and that the defendants in this case, SCHWIMMER et al, were merely agents. BERNSTEIN pointed out that at the suggestion of ALBERT MILLER, he took over the general supervision of handling the funds and again at the suggestion of MILLER, agreed to contact one of the defendants, SCHWIMMER, to head up a project of acquiring aircraft.

PACTH at this point questioned BERNSTEIN as to his service background, and BERNSTEIN replied that he was connected with the Office of Strategic Services during the past war and spent some time on the West Coast "in charge of preparing and training the missions for operations in enemy territory during the past war."
BERNSTEIN testified that in November, 1947, he met with SCHWIMMER, and arrangements were made for the purchase of aircraft. The money for this purchase was provided by the Jewish Agency and by means of checks which he deposited in his law firm's special account at the Chase National Bank, 20 Pine Street, New York City. SCHWIMMER opened an account to receive these funds at the Bank of America in Hollywood, California. This took place in November of 1947.

Upon cross examination, BERNSTEIN stated that he became the attorney for the Jewish Agency for Palestine in October or November, 1947, and that he represented this organization when the planes were transferred to the State of Israel. He stated that he was a secretary for Americans for HAGANAH in 1947, having been personally responsible for forming this organization as a corporation. He denied that he had ever told Mr. JOHN B. SIMMONS and Mr. JOSEPH M. KELLY of the FBI Office in New York that he had never met SCHWIMMER prior to their interview with him.

On January 16, 1950, during the cross examination of BERNSTEIN, the Government Defense Consul in the person of Judge PACTH requested the court to consider the feasibility of releasing BERNSTEIN at the conclusion of the cross examination, inasmuch as he was to leave for Israel a week from that day. BERNSTEIN was released by the court on Tuesday, January 17, 1950, stating to the court that he was returning to New York City, on that date and would turn over to Agents of the New York Office certain material and records regarding the purchase of aircraft for Israel on the following afternoon.

According to Assistant United States Attorney HERSCHEL E. CHAMPLIN in an interview had with him on June 7, 1950, by the writer, had the Government known of BERNSTEIN'S participation in the conspiracy involving SCHWIMMER et al prior to his admission of it in court, he would have been indicted along with others. CHAMPLIN said it is still possible that BERNSTEIN could be indicted in the Miami phase in this case, although he does not believe any indictment has been contemplated by the United States Attorney in Miami in respect to BERNSTEIN.

Judge ISAAC PACTH

Confidential Informant T-9, of known reliability, advised Special Agent SIDNEY M. WOLF of the Los Angeles Office, on June 7, 1950, that Judge ISAAC PACTH is president of the Jewish Community Council of Los Angeles. He stated that although he does not believe that PACTH is a member of the Communist Party, he feels that PACTH is very definitely a Communist sympathizer.
WILLIAM STRONG is an attorney representing the commission on law and social action connected with the American Jewish Congress in Los Angeles. STRONG is a practicing attorney in the City of Los Angeles and a former Assistant United States Attorney for the Southern District of California in 1947. He was also a hearing commissioner and regional attorney (New Orleans) for the National Labor Relations Board prior to coming to Los Angeles as Assistant United States Attorney.

The Los Angeles "Daily News" for Friday, March 19, 1948, carried an article concerning the formation of a legal committee for the American Jewish Congress which included the name of STRONG.

The California State Committee investigating un-American activities in its report for 1948, has listed the California Chapter of the American Jewish Congress as a "Communist front organization".

The "B'Nai B'Rith Messenger" for February 11, 1949, in announcing the elections held by the American Jewish Congress Mens' Club for that year, advised that WILLIAM STRONG was elected Treasurer for this club.

On January 27, 1950, according to articles appearing in the Los Angeles "Times" and the "B'Nai B'Rith Messenger", WILLIAM STRONG and GUSTAVE L. GOLDSTEIN were designated as legal consuls for Israel in Los Angeles. STRONG was designated to represent the consulate in all matters relating to Federal law and procedure. GOLDSTEIN was designated to represent the consulate before state agencies.

CHARLES J. KATZ

CHARLES J. KATZ is a practicing attorney in the City of Los Angeles and resides at 2640 Carmen Crest Drive, Hollywood, California. His business address is 403 West 6th Street, Los Angeles, California.

Confidential Informant T-10, of known reliability, who is familiar with the Communist Party organizational setup in Los Angeles County, advised, on May 17, 1947, that KATZ had been transferred from "membership at large" to the Eagles Club of the Los Angeles County Communist Party. This club, according to this informant, is made up exclusively of attorneys in the Los Angeles area.
The "Daily Peoples World" of October 17, 1949, publicized the fact that CHARLES KATZ, attorney and a member of the Defense Council of the "Hollywood Ten", was active in filing legal briefs for numerous organizations on behalf of JOHN HOWARD LAWSON and DALTON TRUMBO, screen writers.

The "Daily Peoples World", a newspaper, has been described as a West Coast news organ of the Communist Party by Confidential Informant T-11, of known reliability.

Confidential Informant T-12, of known reliability, had identified all the members of the "Hollywood Ten" as members of the Hollywood Cultural Section, Los Angeles County Communist Party, or its affiliate, the Los Angeles Communist Political Association, during the early 1940's.

Confidential Informant T-13, of known reliability, advised that during the past year, attorney CHARLES KATZ has cooperated very closely with the Civil Rights Congress in Los Angeles. In this connection, KATZ furnished legal services, endorsed projects promoted by the Civil Rights Congress, and advocated various things protested by the Civil Rights Congress.

SAUL SNYDER

There is no information identifiable with this individual in the indices of the Los Angeles Office.

MURRAY GURFEIN

There is no information identifiable with this individual in the files of the Los Angeles Office. The reason for the visit of MURRAY GURFEIN to Los Angeles and to the office of Judge ISAAC PACHT on October 31, 1949, is undetermined.

Confidential Informant T-8 has stated that GURFEIN and his wife were guests at the Ambassador Hotel from July 15 to 20, 1949, but not in October, 1948. A check of the various logical stopping places was made for this period, but the results were unavailing.

MR. HERSCHEL E. CHAMPLIN, Assistant United States Attorney for Southern District of California, stated that he was familiar with the cases.
involving SCHWIMMER et al and the Allied Foundry Associates, Incorporated, and no does not recall the name of GURFEIN entering into these cases either in the pre-trial or trial negotiation, but did consider the possibility that GURFEIN was have been used by Judge PACHT in the preparation of the defense in this case. He does not recall any participation on the part of CHARLES KATZ and has no recollection of a SAMPSON.

CHAMPLIN also considered the possibility that BERNSTEIN may have stayed at PACHT’S home after leaving the Ambassador Hotel on January 10, 1950.

Confidential Informant T-8 advised that he has no record of calls dating back prior to the first of the year; and, hence, has no record of calls made by MURRAY GURFEIN during his stay at the Ambassador Hotel in July, 1948.

Confidential Informant T-8 furnished a list of outgoing calls made by BERNSTEIN from the period of January 8 to January 10, 1950. They are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>January 9, 1950</td>
<td>HO 91304</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 9, 1950</td>
<td>EX 1234</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 10, 1950</td>
<td>HI 5827</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 10, 1950</td>
<td>GL 0317</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 10, 1950</td>
<td>Vermont 80382 (long distance)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 10, 1950</td>
<td>Malibu 7884 (long distance)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Confidential Informants T-14 and T-15, both of known reliability, exhausted all possibilities in trying to locate the reason why the Union Bank and Trust Company should be in correspondence with BERNSTEIN. Correspondence files were checked, open and closed accounts and accounts of the organization where authorized signatures were made which might have included BERNSTEIN, were all checked, without effecting any record of BERNSTEIN.
LEADS

WASHINGTON FIELD

At Washington, D. C.

Will ascertain at the Riggs National Bank, 1603 Pennsylvania Avenue N.W., if NAHUM BERNSTEIN has an account in this bank. Will monitor said account if one is located there.

BERNSTEIN received correspondence from this bank on July 21, 1950. Will ascertain the nature of this correspondence, if there is no account maintained in BERNSTEIN'S name.

NEW YORK

At New York City, New York

* Will ascertain present activities of JOSEPH J. LANN, and ascertain his connection with the Israeli interest.

 Will check at the Bank of New York and Fifth Avenue Bank, 48 Wall Street, for an account in the name of NAHUM BERNSTEIN. BERNSTEIN received mail from this bank on July 22, 1950. Will ascertain the nature of this correspondence.

 Will check at the Irving Trust Company, 1 Wall Street, for an account in the name of NAHUM BERNSTEIN. BERNSTEIN received mail from this bank on August 18, 1950. Will ascertain the nature of this correspondence.

 Will follow the activities of NAHUM BERNSTEIN.

Copies of this report have been designated for the information of the Los Angeles Office because that office is currently engaged in the investigation of Israeli activities. It is therefore felt that the information in this report should be made available to that office.

A copy of this report has been designated to the Newark Office for information, because of the fact that it is known that NAHUM BERNSTEIN has a summer home at Pompton Lakes, New Jersey.
The Confidential Informants mentioned in the report of Special Agent b6 dated September 19, 1950 at New York, New York, are as follows:

T-1

This information is contained in letter dated August 10, 1950, of the Local Attache', Paris, to the Director, FBI.

T-2 Mail cover on mail received by NAHUM A. BERNSTEIN at 20 Pine Street, New York City.

T-3 Confidential Source 102

T-4

T-5

T-6

T-7

T-8

T-9

T-10

SECRET -18-
Office Memorandum

TO: The Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation
FROM: James M. McInerney, Assistant Attorney General
SUBJECT: Nahum Bernstein
Neutrality Act – Conspiracy

DATE: September 18, 1950

Reference is made to your confidential memorandum dated August 30, 1950, concerning the above subject in which you request my advice as to whether the subject's testimony indicated a violation of any United States statute.

In view of the conclusion of the Schwimmer and related cases involving those matters, it does not appear advisable to reopen any aspect of these cases.

DENMARK 10-11-50

[Handwritten note on page]

CONFIDENTIAL

[Handwritten note on page]

EX-105

[Handwritten note on page]
ADOLPH W. SCHWARTZ is defendant in Civil Suit in New Jersey Superior Court, Cumberland County, Bridgeton, New Jersey brought by Atlantic Northern Air Lines Inc., RALPH COX, JR., president. Action is for $285,000.00 for unpaid rental of aircraft, after plane crashed in Israel 1/2/49. BERNSTEIN is one of three attorneys for defendant. Case tried at Bridgeton, New Jersey from 1/8 to 1/10/51 and recessed to 2/9/51 at Woodbury before Judge ELMER B. WOODS. Nature of action and identities of witnesses called to date set forth.

3/15/94 SD/2-D73 [539-539]
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HERIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DRAFTED BY 5503 [539-539]

At Bridgeton, New Jersey

Clerk of the Cumberland County Court of Common Pleas, Bridgeton, New Jersey, made available the records of a civil action now pending in the New Jersey Superior Court for Cumberland County, Bridgeton, New Jersey under docket number L161-49 and Superior Court Law Division Number 6580-49.

The records reflected that this was a civil suit brought by the Atlantic Northern Air Lines Inc., of 100 West 10th Street, Wilmington, Delaware against ADOLPH W. SCHWARTZ. The pleadings reflected that the plaintiff was not a
resident of New Jersey. His last known address was 206 Popler Street, Bridgeport, Connecticut. His original attorneys were Brogan, Hague and Malone, 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, New Jersey. The attorneys for the defendant are presently listed as HARRY ADLER, 19 South Laurel Street, Bridgeton, New Jersey, ORVILLE S. SHALICK of Newark, New Jersey and NAHUM BERNSTEIN of New York City.

The case was tried before Judge ELMER B. WOODS at Bridgeton, New Jersey on January 8, 9, and 10, 1951. The hearing was then recessed until February 9, 1951 at 10:00 a.m. at Woodbury, New Jersey.

In a petition and affidavit filed June 13, 1949 the plaintiff alleged that SCHWINZER was indebted to the plaintiff in the sum of $285,000.00. The plaintiff obtained an attachment against two aircraft, which he claimed the defendant owned and which were then located at the Millville, New Jersey airport. The planes were constellations number N67930 and number Rx123, which were being detained on a bench warrant of detention issued by Judge THOMAS H. MADDEN, United States District Court for New Jersey in a preceding case entitled, "USA vs. one Constellation Airplane Number N67930 and Number Rx-123."

A writ of attachment was issued by Attorney General FRANK T. LLOYD, JR., Judge of the Superior Court of New Jersey at Bridgeton, New Jersey, on June 13, 1949. The notice of attachment levy and complaint were served by registered mail on the defendant and BROGAN, HAGUE, MALONE and MYER L. SAKIN, 515 Market Street, Camden, New Jersey and SILVER and BERNSTEIN, 20 Pine Street, New York City.

The plaintiff through RALPH COX, JR. alleged that the Atlantic Northern Air Line Inc. owned a DC-6 aircraft number NC 58021 on July 15, 1948 and on that date entered into a written agreement with Mr. H. ISSAHAROW for charter flights. ISSAHAROW terminated the contract on August 11, 1948 on which date the plane was located by COX at Aqui Airport, Israel. COX alleged on August 12, 1948, SCHWINZER took illegal possession of the aircraft and issued the same thereafter.

On December 14, 1948, GERALD ROLAND, a navigator, met COX and SCHWINZER at the Hotel Gat Rimmon in Tel Aviv, Israel and conferred with H. ISSAHAROW. SCHWINZER promised to pay for the use of the plane on the same terms as ISSAHAROW'S agreement. He refused to turn the plane over to COX. On January 2, 1949, the plane had a forced landing in salt water at Tel Aviv Airport and was a complete loss. Thereafter ISSAHAROW agreed
to pay $300,000.00 for the value of the aircraft and SCHWIMMER agreed to pay $57,000.00 a month for five months on a total of $285,000.00. This money was to be paid by February 7, 1949. SCHWIMMER failed to pay as promised.

It was noted that in the file there was a recital of indictments against SCHWIMMER in the Southern District of Florida dated June 11, 1948 for unlawfully exporting three B17 airplanes to Zatec, Czechoslovakia and indictments dated April 6, 1949 in the United States District Court in Los Angeles, California for violation of the Federal Arms Embargo Act and Conspiracy to Withhold Material facts from the Government.

Attached to the pleadings was a copy of an agreement entered into at Geneva in July 15, 1948 between ROBERT D. JONES and H. ISSAHAROW, witnessed by ABRAHAM ZUMBER, which provided that payments were to be made to the Union des Boques Swiss, Geneva on the account of Mr. RALPH COX, JR. in United States dollars.

In an answer filed January 26, 1950, SCHWIMMER denied being in debt to the plaintiff in any sum. In a separate defense he claimed that on January 10, 1949, H. ISSAHAROW paid the plaintiff $300,000.00 and the plaintiff executed a general release to Alsm Ltd. SCHWIMMER also asserted that the two airplanes which were under attachment were owned by the Jewish Agency Inc.

On April 15, 1950, Judge LLOYD ordered the sheriff to deliver possession of the two aircrafts to SCHWIMMER. SCHWIMMER posted a $100,000.00 bond and the attachment was set aside.

On February 17, 1950, EDWIN S. MILLER, an attorney at 31 North High Street, Millville, New Jersey, was designated as a person before whom depositions and RALPH COX, JR. should be taken.

[Box: Court Reporter, 706 Schwem Building, Atlantic City, New Jersey, furnished the following addresses for the witnesses who testified as follows:]

January 8, 1951, witness for plaintiff, RALPH COX, JR., 100 West 10th Street, Wilmington, Delaware.

January 9, 1951, PAUL CAMPUS, 1540 Summerville Avenue, Montreal, Canada.

WILLIAM H. HARRIS, 790 Broad Street, Newark, New Jersey.
MARTIN RIBOKOFF, permanent address East St. Louis, Illinois, now at Oakland, California.

Mr. HURTER advised that the plaintiff rested on January 9, 1951 and a motion by the defendant to dismiss the complaint was denied. Witnesses for the defendant then testified on January 9, 1951 as follows:

WILLIAM HALLERAN, a milkman from Merker, Long Island.
ROBERT JAMES EVANS, 2 East 10th Street, Brooklyn, New York
NAHUM A. BERNSTEIN; New York City.

On January 10, 1951 a witness for the plaintiff testified, namely NICHOLAS VOELK, an insurance man from New York City. Thereafter defense witness RUBEN KAPROSS was called but was not permitted to testify at that time. Then followed YEHUDA GILADI, a wing commander and assistant attache of the Israeli Embassy, Washington, D.C., SEYMOUR LERNER, 67-A Summer Avenue, Brooklyn, New York and ADOLPH W. SCHMIDER of 2027 North Vine Street, Hollywood, California also testified on January 10, 1951.

- P E N D I N G -
LEAD

NEWARK OFFICE

At Bridgeton, New Jersey

Will follow and report the determination of the court in the case of Atlantic Northern Air Line Inc. vs. ADOLPH W. SCHWIMMER.

REFERENCE: New York teletype to the Bureau, Washington Field and Newark, 1/12/51.
In an effort to secure complete information regarding Bernstein's testimony in the Goldstein case, the Bureau reviewed the U.S. Supreme Court opinion in Goldstein et al. vs. U.S. as set forth in 316 U.S. Reports 114, October Term 1941, and the Circuit Court of Appeals decision as set forth in 120 Fed. 2nd 485. In addition, the Department of Justice files in the matter were reviewed at the National Archives. From these three sources it was possible to develop certain information regarding Bernstein.

Justice Augustus M. Hand briefly summarized the Goldstein case and described Bernstein's involvement therein in 120 Fed. 2nd 485. Justice Hand related that sometime before August 1935, a number of large insurance companies, suspecting that they were being victimized, retained two firms of lawyers to run down the culprits. One Bernstein was a member of one of these firms and in that same month a man named Kipnis came to him and made an oral confession which laid bare the outlines of the whole scheme. Kipnis had been one of the insured who had fraudulently collected upon a disability policy, and he had helped others to commit similar frauds. The plan involved the insured's taking digitalis or some similar drug which would make his heart's action simulate disease, and this, together with a proper paraphernalia of cardiograms, hospital records and declarations of symptoms, was enough to evade detection by the insurers.

To the success of such a scheme a confederation of lawyers, doctors - including heart specialists - and, of course, the insured themselves, was necessary. Kipnis inculpated Weiss and Garrow, lawyers, Nassanan and Goldstein, doctors, and a great many others. His story to Bernstein, as Bernstein gave it, if believed, made a complete case, but obviously he would not be believed unless thoroughly corroborated. Bernstein set out to procure the necessary corroboration.

Bernstein instructed Kipnis to keep up a front of continued participation in the scheme and he installed in Kipnis' offices a dictaphone which would record talks with visitors. Besides this, he got records of telephone talks between Kipnis and his confederates, by means of an extension receiver at which a stenographer was placed. No machine was interposed in the circuit during this period.

Matters went along in this way through August and September, Kipnis meanwhile disclosing to Bernstein numerous fabricated "case histories" of fraudulent claimants. On October 5, 1935, Kipnis made a detailed and lengthy written confession which implicated Weiss, Garrow, Nassanan, Goldstein and a great many others. This confession, along with certain other material,
Bernstein presented to U. S. Attorney Hardy. On November 27, 1936, Hardy called in a Post Office Inspector, Frank Shea, to work up the case. On December 6, Shea, without any independent investigation of his own, turned in a report to Hardy in which he declared that there was ground for the indictment of 75 or more persons. Toward the end of January, 1937, Hardy had a conference with Bernstein and the other insurance lawyers at which they decided to begin the regular tapping of the wires of the principals in the scheme by introducing recording machines into the circuits. This went on with some interruptions from that time until the arrest of Messeran and Garrow on May 18, 1937, and even later. By these means nearly a thousand records were procured of talks between the confederates.

Department of Justice records were found to contain a pamphlet printed by Judd and Detwiler, Inc., Printers, Washington, D. C., on August 31, 1939, containing excerpts from testimony in the District Court trial of the Goldstein case. This pamphlet apparently was utilized in bringing the appeal before the Supreme Court. It reveals that the original indictment in the case was filed July 30, 1937. Trial began in the District Court, Southern District of New York, on January 6, 1938, before Judge Robert F. Patterson and verdict was rendered March 4, 1938. During the trial Philip B. McGlynn, a detective on the New York City Police Force, testified that he had tapped the wires of telephones at two New York City addresses. He mentioned Bernstein briefly as follows:

I never in my life heard of the Leeds Wireless Company or of a man by the name of Adolph Leopold. I never heard of a firm by the name of Silver and Bernstein or that Leopold was in any way related to them. I never met those gentlemen.

A review of the pamphlet described above reflected that after Detective McGlynn had tapped the telephone wires in instant case he had run the monitoring wires to a plant. Thereafter, Robert A. Simpson, an employee of the Harley Detective Agency, installed recording devices on the monitoring wires. After testifying to this effect, Simpson stated:

I did not in the course of my work at 91st Street or 1200 Broadway come into contact with any law firm. With respect to lawyers, Mr. Bernstein was in, I think, when we made the first installation with Inspector (Frank) Shea (of the United States Post Office Department) and two other men from the Federal offices here. Mr. Bernstein is not a technician. I did not require his services at all in order to ascertain how to put these machines in or how to work it.
Inspector Frank Shea during his testimony at the trial revealed he had Bernstein lease space at 1200 Broadway in someone else's name in order that the fact that an investigation was in progress might be kept confidential. Inspector Shea also confirmed the fact that Bernstein was present at the plant the first night because "he was rather curious to see how the thing operated." Shea testified that the firm of Silver and Bernstein furnished stenographers to monitor the machines covering the tapped lines. Inspector Shea named these stenographers as: Sylvia Schwartz, Irene Meyers, Marcia Meyers, Margaret Hartert, Olga Romano, and Bessie Metcalf.

During the trial it was established that the recording machines and monitoring devices were rented from the Harley Detective Agency and that employees of that agency were present at all times to supervise the handling of the operation. Inspector Shea testified to the fact that Mr. Silver and Mr. Bernstein paid Mr. Harley his fee for use of the machines.

As will be noted, no information regarding Bernstein's own testimony in the District Court trial of Goldstein was available through the sources checked by the Bureau. [You are requested to review the records of the trial and report the pertinent information therefrom.] It is further suggested that you review the records of the District Court trials in both the Mardone and Weiss cases for the same purpose. In connection with the latter case your attention is directed to the fact that files of your office cover phases of this case. They are file number 36-234 captioned "Joseph J. Weiss, et al, General Insurance Investigation; Mail Fraud" and file number 72-32 captioned "Joseph Jay Weiss; Intimidation of Witnesses."
These facts indicate that the Israelis may utilize fictitious business fronts in carrying out their intelligence and related operations.

In view of Bernstein's professed knowledge with regard to establishing and directing business fronts for covert operations, you are requested to be particularly alert for information regarding Israeli firms and organizations with which Bernstein is connected or for which he or his law firm has acted as an attorney in filing corporate papers. When such firms are discovered, every effort should be made to determine whether they are legitimate business establishments or fronts for covert Israeli operations.

Copies of this memorandum have been designated for the Los Angeles and Washington Field Offices since those offices presently have pending cases on subjects in the Israeli intelligence field.
NY 65-15301

served to leave the building at 20 Pine Street, New York City, in the company of NAHUM BERNSTEIN. They proceeded west on Pine Street to Broadway and were observed to enter 115 Broadway, and they proceeded to the Lawyers' Club in this building.

Confidential Informant T-3, of known reliability, advised that on January 6, 1951 AL SCHWIMMER, who has been in contact with NAHUM BERNSTEIN on other occasions and who was recently involved in a litigation involving shipment of planes to Israel in California, contacted NAHUM BERNSTEIN and they discussed, according to the above Informant, a law suit trial coming up in court on the following Monday in which a man named COX was trying to collect $100,000.00 from SCHWIMMER in connection with a project SCHWIMMER was hired by BERNSTEIN to work on, involving the purchase of transport planes for the Jewish Agency in Israel. BERNSTEIN revealed that the case was coming up on January 8, 1951 and he suggested to AL SCHWIMMER that he get some background witnesses, preferably Gentiles and somebody with a rank in the Army or Navy. SCHWIMMER mentioned that he brought back with him the original copies from the Ministry of Defense, of the equipped plane, signed by ROLAND. BERNSTEIN mentioned that they had an appointment to be in Bridgeton, at ADLER'S place, at 3:00 PM the following day.

On the same day Informant advised that
NY 65-15301

REUBEN GROSS contacted BERNSTEIN and BERNSTEIN advised that they were leaving in the morning for Bridgeton and they planned to stay over at the hotel. GROSS stated that he had asked PePPER'S (Phonetic) office to send his de- position to him, in care of HARRY ADLER. BERNSTEIN asked if they took depositions from COX in that case. GROSS replied that they had. GROSS also stated that he had them and indicated that he would leave for Bridgeton, New Jersey the following afternoon.

The same Informant advised that on January 7, 1951 an unidentified individual in the Military Office of the Israeli Embassy in Washington, D. C. contacted NAHUM BERNSTEIN and told him that Wing Commander GILADI, of the Israeli Embassy, called him to tell him that he was not feeling well and that he would not be able to be in New York that morning and he wanted the man to ask BERNSTEIN where and at what time the following day he could meet BERNSTEIN. BERNSTEIN told the man that he was going to Bridgeton, New Jersey that day and gave the man directions as to how GILADI could get to Bridgeton from Washington, D. C. the following day. BERNSTEIN told GILADI that when he got to Bridgeton he was to go to the office of HARRY ADLER, who was the local lawyer they used.

On the same date Confidential Informant T-3 advised that AL SCHWIMMER again was in contact with NAHUM BERNSTEIN and told BERNSTEIN that they were ready. SCHWIMMER mentioned that SNELDERS (Phonetic) and JOE ROLAND (Phonetic) had gone down by themselves in one Buick, while MILLER (Phonetic) and SWANS would be on call that night and could be down the following morning. It was then agreed that BERNSTEIN was to pick up AL SCHWIMMER prior to going to Bridgeton.

On January 6, 1951 Confidential Informant T-3 advised that NAHUM BERNSTEIN contacted ADASH and MINA.
ITelson. This Informant advised that on that occasion they exchanged greetings and arrangements were made to see each other at a future date.

On the same date a party identified only as Herman contacted Bernstein and they discussed a new realty deal, the purchase of a hospital on Queens Boulevard, New York. According to this Informant, this deal would involve $300,000.00. Herman mentioned that Adash said he was willing to say he brought $100,000.00 in from Switzerland for investment purposes, and $100,000.00 that Herman had with the Israeli Government could be declared. Bernstein advised him that he was "only suspending the day of reckoning." Herman stated that as far as taxes went he did not care, because he is a foreigner. He said that on income he would pay taxes but would not on capital gain. Bernstein replied that maybe something could be worked out along those lines.

On January 10, 1951 this Informant advised that Bernstein was in contact with Doctor Pallet (Phonetic), of the Israeli National Airlines, and he advised him at that time that he returned from Bridgeton, New Jersey early that morning. Bernstein indicated that the case was still going on but it might be over that day or the following day. He indicated at that time that he thought the case was "in the bag." Bernstein also advised that Al Schwimmer said they needed $1,500.00 that day for expenses to pay off the witnesses. Doctor Pallet advised that he would send the money. They then discussed ways of recovering the $1,500.00 and other expenses from the agency. Bernstein promised to help recover these expenses from the agency.

Confidential Informant T-3 advised that on January 16, 1951 Nahum Bernstein was contacted by Rusty Jarcho, Director of the organization Material for Israel. On that occasion Jarcho asked Bernstein if he was coming
to the Board meeting. BERNSTEIN replied that he intended to. JARCHO advised that he was glad to hear this since they needed some legal advice from BERNSTEIN as SONNENBORN had to fly to Washington.

This same informant advised that on January 20, 1951 NAT KOHN contacted NAHUM BERNSTEIN and they discussed a proposal for investing in a prospective airline deal with the Israeli Government. This airline was to operate between New York and Israel. The Israeli Government was to set up the airline and take half of the stock. BERNSTEIN indicated that he would discuss this deal with KOHN at a later date.

NAT KOHN operates Ultramar International Corporation in New York City and is also connected with the Israeli Supply Mission in New York.

ADASH-ITELSON, who was in contact with NAHUM BERNSTEIN, is identical with the individual listed at the Immigration and Naturalization Service, 70 Columbus Avenue, New York City, as having arrived in the United States on December 22, 1950, under the name of AVRAHAM ITELSON. He listed the country from which he came as Israel, listed his occupation as manufacturer, and his destination as M. BERNSTEIN, 20 Pine Street, New York City. He listed his age as forty years and his wife's first name as RINTZIA. According to the manifest, he was accompanied by his wife when he entered the United States.

According to Confidential Informant T-3, ITELSON was staying at the Hotel New Yorker in New York City during his stay in New York.

According to the manifest at the Immigration and Naturalization Service ITELSON intended to stay in the United States until February 22, 1951.

Confidential Informant T-4, of known reliability, advised that NAHUM BERNSTEIN received the following correspondence which appears pertinent to this investigation, at his place of business, 20 Pine Street, New York City:
NY 65-15301

DATE ADDRESSOR

November 17, 1950 Young and Rubicam, 285 Madison
Avenue, New York City.

November 20, 1950 Material for Israel, 250 West 57th
Street, New York City.

November 24, 1950 Staeve Dan, Israel.

November 24, 1950 Post Office Box 2876, Tel Aviv,
Israel.

November 24, 1950 Land seas Products Corporation,
39 Broadway, New York City.

November 25, 1950 Israeli Consulate, 11 East 70th
Street, New York City.

November 30, 1950 Post Office Box 367, Tel Aviv,
Israel.

December 5, 1950 Strong and Schwartz, 4441 Wilshire
Boulevard, Beverly Hills, California.

December 6, 1950 Israeli Industries, Inc., 122
Allenby Road, Post Office Box 2876,
Tel Aviv, Israel.

December 6, 1950 Material for Israel, 250 West 57th
Street, New York City.

December 7, 1950 Government of Israel Supply Mission,
250 West 57th Street, New York
City.

December 8, 1950 Ultramar International Corporation,
200 West 57th Street, New York City.

December 14, 1950 Embassy of Israel, Washington,
D.C.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Addressee</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>December 15, 1950</td>
<td>El Al Israeli National Airlines, 29 West 57th Street, New York City.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>December 15, 1950</td>
<td>Israeli Consulate, 11 East 70th Street, New York City.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>December 18, 1950</td>
<td>Post Office Box 2876, Tel Aviv, Israel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>December 19, 1950</td>
<td>La Reserve Miramar, Cannes, France.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>December 21, 1950</td>
<td>Post Office Box 2876, Tel Aviv, Israel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>December 21, 1950</td>
<td>Robison Textile Company, 434 52nd Street, West New York, New Jersey.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>December 26, 1950</td>
<td>Post Office Box 2876, Tel Aviv, Israel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>December 28, 1950</td>
<td>Material for Israel, 250 West 57th Street, New York City.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 3, 1951</td>
<td>Hoffmann and Company, Ltd., Herzl 100, Tel Aviv, ISRAEL - Office, Jabotinsky Street, Ramat Gan - Factory.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 10, 1951</td>
<td>Paris 16, France.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 13, 1951 and 17 &amp; 18, 1951</td>
<td>New York City.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 18, 1950</td>
<td>Material for Israel, 250 West 57th Street, New York City.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Confidential Informant T-5, of known reliability, advised that New York City, received correspondence on November 15, 1950 from Ultramar International Corporation, 200 West 57th Street, New York City.

The same Informant advised that on January 25, 1951 received correspondence from SILVER and BERNSTEIN, 20 Pine Street, New York City.
LEADS

NEWARK

At Bridgeton, New Jersey

Will ascertain the type of litigation in which NAHUM BERNASTEIN, A. SCHWIMMER, REUBEN GROSS and YEHUDA GILADI were involved in as of January 8, 1951.

Will obtain all particulars relative to this action, as well as the names of all witnesses representing the Israeli Government.

NEW YORK

At New York City

Will ascertain the purpose of the visit to the United States of AVRAHAM ITZELSON and his connection with NAHUM BERNASTEIN.

Will continue to follow the activities of NAHUM BERNASTEIN in connection with his Israeli activities.

* * * * * *

Copies of this report have been designated for the Los Angeles and Washington Field Offices for information as those offices are currently engaged in the investigation of Israeli Activities. It is, therefore, felt that the information contained in this report should be made available to those offices.
CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANTS

The Confidential Informants mentioned in the report of SA [redacted] dated February 13, 1951 at New York City, are as follows:

T-1: [redacted] (S).

T-2: [redacted] (S) b1

T-3: ND 592.

T-4: Mail cover on mail received by NAHUM BERNSTEIN at his business address, 20 Pine Street, New York City.

T-5: Mail cover on mail received by [redacted] at his business address, New York City.

NAHUM BERNSTEIN, was.

ADOLPH SCHWIMMER's civil suit concluded at Woodbury, New Jersey, 2/9/51. No decision yet given by presiding judge. Additional witnesses set forth.

-P-

 DETAILS:

At Bridgeton, New Jersey

Clerk of the Cumberland County
Court of Common Pleas, Bridgeton, New Jersey, advised that the civil action involving ADOLPH W. SCHWIMMER was heard at Woodbury, New Jersey before Judge ELMER B. WOODS on February 9 and 10, 1951 and the judge has not yet given a decision in this matter. Witnesses were heard and testimonies taken on Friday, February 9th and motions and briefs were filed on February 10th.

339-539
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339-539

Court Reporter, 706 Schwem Building, Atlantic City, New Jersey, advised that at the hearing at Woodbury, New Jersey on February 9, 1951, the following witnesses were heard:

1. RUBIN E. GROSS, Attorney, New York City.
2. ADOLPH W. SCHWIMMER
3. GERALD ROLAND, Park Sheraton Hotel, New York City. ROLAND testified that he was a student at the University of San Francisco and that
his parents reside at 320 Urbano Drive, San Francisco, California.

4. RALPH W. COX.

- PENDING -
A copy of this report is being forwarded to the Washington Field Office pursuant to the instructions contained in referenced teletype.
NEWARK

At Bridgeton, New Jersey

Will follow and report the decision of the court in the case of Atlantic Northern Air Lines vs. ADOLPH W. SCHWIMMER.

REFERENCE: New York teletype to the Bureau, Washington Field and Newark, 1/12/51.
Report of SA [ ] Newark, 2/9/51. b6
Report of SA [ ] New York, 2/13/51. b7c
Investigative SUMMARY REPORT

Synopsis: [NAHUM BERNSTEIN named as one of four who were to manage Israeli intelligence activities in the United States.] He is a New York attorney who has been active in the affairs of Israel and the predecessor state of Palestine. He was born and educated in New York City. Background information set forth. In interview in 1948 he admitted that he handled funds for the purchase of material on behalf of the Jewish Agency for Palestine. He has been in contact with RUBEN SHILOAH, TED KOLLEK, and ARYEH MANOR, Israeli officials in the United States. He testified in a case in Los Angeles involving a violation of the Neutrality Act and Export Control Act connected with smuggling of aircraft to Israel. His testimony reviewed.

He is presently Secretary of Israel Speaks, Inc., a bimonthly publication.
NY 65-15301

reliability, advised that as of January, 1949, the Israeli intelligence in the United States was to be handled by four persons, namely TEDDY, GIDEON ROPER, NAHUM BERNSTEIN, and T. M. (U)

Subsequent investigation disclosed that TEDDY was identical with THEODORE KOLLEK, who in January, 1949 was connected with the Israeli Supply Mission in New York City, and who is presently in the United States with the rank of Israeli Minister. GIDEON ROPER was subsequently identified as GIDEON RAFAEL, who is Counselor to the Israeli Delegation of the United Nations. T. M. was subsequently identified as EFRAT MEN-AZI, who in January, 1949 was the Israeli Military Attaché of the Israeli Embassy in Washington, D. C. He has since returned to Israel. NAHUM BERNSTEIN was subsequently identified as being identical with NAHUM BERNSTEIN, a New York attorney with offices at 20 Pine Street, New York, New York.

Confidential Informant T-2, of known reliability, made available the following background information concerning NAHUM BERNSTEIN:

He was born on September 5, 1907 at New York City. His mother was JENNIE BERNSTEIN, nee Steinberg, and his father CHARLES BERNSTEIN. Both of his parents were born in Russia. NAHUM BERNSTEIN received his primary education in the New York Public School System; and subsequently attended the College of the City of New York, from which institution he obtained a B.S. Degree in Social Science in 1929. In 1931 he graduated from Columbia University Law School with the degree of LL.B. He was admitted to the bar in the State of New York on June 13, 1932. From the date of his birth in 1907 until the present time, he has resided in the New York City area. He presently resides at 136 East 67th Street, New York City with his wife and two children. He is a partner in the law firm of Silver and Bernstein, 20 Pine Street, New York, New York. His partner, EDWARD SILVER, is also the Chief Assistant in the District Attorney's Office, Kings County, New York.

On March 31, 1950, the law firm of Silver and Bernstein sent out the following announcement:

TOP SECRET
"We announce the opening of an Israeli office at 26 Rothschild Boulevard, Tel Aviv. Mr. ARNON R. KOJANSKY of the Israeli Bar is Counsel in Charge".

This announcement was signed by four members of the firm of Silver and Bernstein, namely EDWARD S. SILVER, NAHUM BERNSTEIN, GEORGE H. KAPLAN, and DONALD R. SEAWELL.

On January 13, 1948 NAHUM BERNSTEIN was interviewed by SAs [redacted] and [redacted] of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. On the occasion of this interview, BERNSTEIN advised that in November of 1947, he received a telephone call from one LEONARD WEISMAN, whom he had known for some years as one like himself who was active in Zionist affairs. On the occasion of this meeting with WEISMAN, BERNSTEIN was requested to assist him in a project which had as its aim the acquiring of a stock pile of material for eventual shipment to Palestine.

WEISMAN informed BERNSTEIN that he had consented in this project and that now it was necessary that a suitable, well known person act as Disbursing Officer for the funds available to finance this project. WEISMAN requested BERNSTEIN to function in this capacity. BERNSTEIN advised that he agreed to do so. WEISMAN further indicated to BERNSTEIN that the sum of $750,000.00 was available to finance this project, and that such funds would be made available by the Jewish Agency for Palestine.

According to BERNSTEIN, shortly after his talk with WEISMAN he received a verification of this proposition from GOTTLEIB HAMMER, Disbursing Officer of the Jewish Agency for Palestine. WEISMAN told BERNSTEIN that when purchases were made by either himself or his associates, BERNSTEIN would be notified of the amount of money necessary for the particular transaction and that BERNSTEIN should then request HAMMER to forward a check to him for this amount. BERNSTEIN would, in turn, issue a check for the same amount to the payee named by WEISMAN. According to BERNSTEIN, the above outlined plan was followed in connection with the purchase of materials.
On May 12, 1948, NAHUM BERNSTEIN was again interviewed at his office at 20 Pine Street, New York, New York, by SAS THOMAS G. SPENCER and [redacted] of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

On the occasion of this interview, BERNSTEIN advised that he, as an attorney, had been called upon on numerous occasions by various sections of the Jewish Agency for Palestine for legal advice in matters pertaining to their operations. He stated that in the Fall of 1947, it was decided by the policy level members to instigate an organization that could, if Palestine was partitioned, step in and relieve the other governments of considerable effort and manpower.

It was decided, according to BERNSTEIN that certain funds should be allocated for the purchase of aircraft. A. W. SCHWIMMER was designated as the individual who should purchase and reconvert whatever aircraft was believed necessary to institute a fair-sized airline. Approximately $120,000.00 was deposited with BERNSTEIN, which funds came from the Jewish Agency for Palestine. At the request of SCHWIMMER, BERNSTEIN would forward whatever money the former requested.

In January, 1950, ADOLPH W. SCHWIMMER was tried in the United States District Court, Southern California Division, in the case entitled, "The United States vs. Schwimmer and Others". The trial involved ADOLPH W. SCHWIMMER and five other individuals, who were charged with conspiracy to violate the Neutrality Act and the Export Control Act by smuggling aircraft to Israel. As a result of this trial, three individuals, namely ADOLPH W. SCHWIMMER, LEON GARDNER, and RAY SELK, were convicted and fined $10,000.00 each for conspiracy to violate the United States Neutrality Act. Three other defendants, HERMAN GREENSPUN, WILLIAM S. SNOW, and SAM R. LEWIS were acquitted by the jury.

On January 15, 1950, NAHUM BERNSTEIN was called as a witness by the defense in this case. In response to a question by the court as to what the defense intended to prove by this witness, the defense lawyers, namely ISAAC PACTH and WILLIAM STRONG replied, "Everything... that the whole plan of operation of the formation of airways were under BERNSTEIN'S supervision. The setting up of the plan, purchase of the planes, the Panama situation... everything".
NY 65-15301

In answer to a question by Mr. Pacht, Bernstein replied that he was the legal representative of the Jewish Agency for Palestine, which he explained was an agency created and recognized by the old League of Nations. Mr. Pacht, in his questioning of Bernstein, showed that the Jewish Agency for Palestine financed the entire project of the purchase of aircraft under the direction of Bernstein, and that the defendants in the case were merely agents.

Bernstein pointed out that at the suggestion of one Albert Miller, he took over the general supervision of handling the funds, and again at the suggestion of Miller agreed to contact one of the defendants, Schwimmer to head up a project of acquired aircraft.

Confidential Informant T-3, of known reliability, advised that on November 5, 1950 Ted Kollek, who at that time was visiting in the United States, contacted Nahum Bernstein and made arrangements to be at the residence of Nahum Bernstein on that date. This is the same individual who was previously identified as one of the four individuals who were to manage Israeli intelligence operations in the United States.

Confidential Informant T-4, of known reliability, advised on September 23, 1950 that Ruben Shiloah, who at that time was visiting in the United States, was in contact with Nahum Bernstein. Shiloah is connected with the Ministry of Foreign Affairs in Israel, and was also listed as an adviser to the Israeli Delegation for the Fifth Regular Session of the General Assembly of the United Nations.
NY 65-15301.

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

The Confidential Informants mentioned in the report of SA [redacted] dated June 5, 1932 at New York, New York, are identified as follows:

T-1
Anonymous.

T-2

T-3
ND 592.

T-4

T-5
(s)

T-6
Referral/Consult

Copies of this report have been designated for the information of the Washington Field, Los Angeles and Newark Offices because they in the past have conducted investigation relative to the subject of this investigation and it is believed information in this report should be made available to these offices.